

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 22, 2014

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 4, 2014

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 12, 2014

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 23, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013–14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2200

Introduced by Assembly Member John A. Pérez

February 20, 2014

An act to add and repeal Article 3.9 (commencing with Section 8574.50) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code, relating to cyber security.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2200, as amended, John A. Pérez. California Cyber ~~Security Commission~~. *Security*.

Existing law establishes various advisory boards and commissions in state government with specified duties and responsibilities. Existing law establishes in state government the Governor's office of Emergency Services *and the Department of Technology*.

~~This bill would create the California Cyber Security Commission in the Governor's Office of Emergency Services, consisting of 15 members comprised of representatives from state government, appointed representatives from the technology or cybersecurity industry and the utility or energy industry, and an appointed representative of California's critical infrastructure interests. The bill would also authorize the commission to appoint representatives from state, local, federal, and private entities to form an advisory board in order to receive input or~~

~~advice concerning the implementation of the duties of the commission. The duties of the commission would include establishing cyber-attack response strategies and performing risk assessments on state information technology systems. The bill would require the commission to meet on a quarterly basis, or as specified, and would allow the commission to issue a report to the Governor's Office and the Legislature that details the activities of the commission and makes recommendations to improve California's cybersecurity preparedness.~~

This bill would continue in existence the California Cyber Security Task Force, previously created by the Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Technology, in the Governor's Office of Emergency Services. This bill would require the office and the department to convene stakeholders to act in an advisory capacity and compile policy recommendations on cyber security for the state. The bill would require the task force to meet quarterly, or more often as necessitated by emergency circumstances. This bill would require the task force to complete and issue a report of policy recommendations to the Governor's office and the Legislature by January 1, 2015.

This bill would create the California Cyber Security Steering Committee in the Governor's Office of Emergency Services, consisting of 13 members comprised of representatives from state government, and appointed representatives with specific expertise or from the technology or cybersecurity industry and the utility or energy industry. This bill would require the steering committee to seek to implement the policy recommendations of the task force based on specified priorities. This bill would require the office and the department to collaborate with the steering committee.

This bill would authorize the Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Technology to conduct the strategic direction of risk assessments performed by the Military Department's Computer Network Defense Team.

The bill would abolish the ~~commission~~ California Cyber Security Task Force and the California Cyber Security Steering Committee, and repeal these provisions, on January 1, ~~2019~~ 2020.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Article 3.9 (commencing with Section 8574.50)
2 is added to Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government
3 Code, to read:

4
5 Article 3.9. California Cyber Security ~~Commission~~

6
7 8574.50. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

8 (a) The State of California's growing dependence on technology
9 has made it increasingly vulnerable to both foreign and domestic
10 cyber security attacks. Thus far, there has been a fragmented
11 approach to this issue with independent efforts occurring through
12 federal, state, and local government, as well as in the state's
13 universities and within private industry. For the purposes of public
14 safety and protection of public assets, the state has a role in
15 coordinating and improving its overall security and response
16 capabilities.

17 (b) The market for cyber security is estimated to be more than
18 seventy billion dollars (\$70,000,000,000) in 2014. Of that amount,
19 sixty-seven billion dollars (\$67,000,000,000) is estimated to be
20 spent nationally by private companies for computer and network
21 security and the United States Department of Defense is planning
22 to spend four billion six hundred million dollars (\$4,600,000,000).
23 The United States Department of Defense is planning on spending
24 twenty-three billion dollars (\$23,000,000,000) over the next five
25 years. Overall spending is expected to increase rapidly as
26 recognition of threats becomes more ubiquitous. The California
27 economy stands to greatly benefit from this industry growth.

28 (c) The State of California has already made investments for
29 the purpose of cyber security; examples of which are research
30 funding for the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and
31 funding to augment a cyber security assessment and response team
32 within the California National Guard.

33 (d) The California Cyber Security Task Force was initiated in
34 May 2013 for the purposes of identifying critical threats,
35 assembling primary stakeholders, and highlighting the growing
36 importance of the issue. Among other things, this has increased
37 awareness of the state's compliance with the new federal National
38 Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards and the

1 Office of Emergency Services establishing Emergency Function
2 18, created particularly for cyber security.

3 (e) Over 50,000 new malicious online activities are identified
4 every day, according to the United States Department of Defense.
5 Incidents of sophisticated and well-coordinated attacks and data
6 breaches are occurring more regularly, the average cost of which
7 amounts to more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000). In 2012,
8 a data breach to the state of South Carolina required more than
9 twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) in response and restitution.
10 The State of California is vulnerable technically, legally, and
11 financially to these threats.

12 (f) *The State of California recognizes that cyber security is both*
13 *a current and future state security issue that requires a*
14 *whole-of-government policy solution, not just a technology one.*
15 *The State of California intends to demonstrate leadership on the*
16 *issue in conjunction with federal and local governments.*

17 (g) *The State of California intends to balance cyber security*
18 *interests of its citizens and public assets with transparency and*
19 *protection of privacy rights.*

20 8574.51. (a) *There is hereby continued in existence the*
21 *California Cyber Security Task Force, created in 2013 by the*
22 *Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the Department of*
23 *Technology, in the Governor's Office of Emergency Services.*

24 (b) *The Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the*
25 *Department of Technology shall convene stakeholders, both public*
26 *and private, to act in an advisory capacity and compile policy*
27 *recommendations on cyber security for the State of California.*
28 *The California Cyber Security Task Force shall complete and issue*
29 *a report of policy recommendations to the Governor's office and*
30 *the Legislature. The report shall be completed in compliance with*
31 *Section 9795.*

32 (c) *The California Cyber Security Task Force shall meet*
33 *quarterly, or more often as necessitated by emergency*
34 *circumstances, within existing resources to ensure that the policy*
35 *recommendations from the report are implemented and any*
36 *necessary modifications which may arise are addressed in a timely*
37 *manner.*

38 (d) *The Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the*
39 *Department of Technology shall collaborate with the Cyber*
40 *Security Steering Committee created pursuant to Section 8574.52*

1 *to use their combined expertise to streamline the implementation*
2 *of policy recommendations set forth in the California Cyber*
3 *Security Task Force's report. This collaboration shall be guided*
4 *by the priorities set forth in Section 8574.54 and shall timely realize*
5 *the state's cyber security goals.*

6 *(e) The Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the*
7 *Department of Technology shall be authorized to conduct the*
8 *strategic direction of risk assessments performed by the Military*
9 *Department's Computer Network Defense Team as budgeted in*
10 *Item 8940-001-0001 of the Budget Act of 2014.*

11 ~~8574.51.~~

12 8574.52. (a) There is in the Governor's Office of Emergency
13 Services the ~~California Cyber Security Commission. The~~
14 ~~commission~~ *Steering Committee, which* shall consist of the
15 following members:

16 (1) The Director of Emergency Services, or his or her designee
17 with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking authority with
18 respect to the Office of Emergency Services' information
19 technology and information security duties.

20 ~~(2) The Chief of the Office of Information Security, or his or~~
21 ~~her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking~~
22 ~~authority with respect to the chief's information technology and~~
23 ~~information security duties set forth in Chapter 5.7 (commencing~~
24 ~~with Section 11549) of Part 1 of Division 3.~~

25 (2) *The Director of the Department of Technology, or his or*
26 *her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking*
27 *authority with respect to the director's information technology*
28 *and information security duties set forth in Chapter 5.6*
29 *(commencing with Section 11545).*

30 (3) The Attorney General, or his or her designee with
31 knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking authority with respect
32 to the Department of Justice's information technology and
33 information security.

34 (4) The Adjutant General of the Military Department, or his or
35 her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking
36 authority with respect to the Military Department's information
37 technology and information security.

38 ~~(5) The Insurance Commissioner, or his or her designee with~~
39 ~~knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking authority with respect~~

1 ~~to the Department of Insurance's information technology and~~
2 ~~information security.~~

3 ~~(6)~~

4 (5) The Secretary of Health and Human Services, or his or her
5 designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking authority
6 with respect to the California Health and Human Services Agency's
7 information technology and information security.

8 ~~(7)~~

9 (6) The Secretary of the California Transportation Agency, or
10 his or her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking
11 authority with respect to the agency's information technology and
12 information security.

13 ~~(8) The Controller, or his or her designee with knowledge,~~
14 ~~expertise, and decisionmaking authority with respect to the office~~
15 ~~of the Controller's information technology and information~~
16 ~~security.~~

17 ~~(9)~~

18 (7) The Commissioner of the California Highway Patrol, or his
19 or her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking
20 authority with respect to the California Highway Patrol's
21 information technology and information security.

22 ~~(10)~~

23 (8) The Commander of the State Threat Assessment Center, or
24 his or her designee with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking
25 authority with respect to the State Threat Assessment Center's
26 information technology and information security.

27 ~~(11)~~

28 ~~(9) A representative from the private sector in the technology~~
29 ~~or cybersecurity industry with cybersecurity expertise, who shall~~
30 ~~be appointed by the Governor.~~

31 ~~(12)~~

32 (10) A representative of the state's higher education system
33 with knowledge, expertise, and decisionmaking authority with
34 respect to information technology and information security, who
35 shall be appointed by the Governor.

36 ~~(13)~~

37 (11) A representative of the Public Utilities Commission *or*,
38 ~~California Energy Commission, or California Independent System~~
39 ~~Operator Commission~~ with knowledge, expertise, and

1 decisionmaking authority with respect to information technology
2 and information security, who shall be appointed by the Governor.

3 ~~(14)~~

4 ~~(12)~~ A representative from the ~~utility or energy industry~~ *private*
5 *sector in the technology or cybersecurity industry*, who shall be
6 appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly.

7 ~~(15)~~

8 ~~(13)~~ A representative of ~~California's critical infrastructure~~
9 ~~interests, such as air traffic control, ports, and water systems from~~
10 ~~the utility or energy industry~~, who shall be appointed by the Senate
11 Committee on Rules.

12 (b) (1) Each representative appointed by the Governor, Speaker
13 of the Assembly, or Senate Committee on Rules shall be appointed
14 to serve a two-year term.

15 (2) Any representative may serve consecutive terms.

16 (c) Any designee shall serve at the pleasure of the official who
17 designated them.

18 (d) Eight members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
19 of business, and all official acts of the ~~commission~~ *steering*
20 *committee* shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of its
21 members constituting a quorum.

22 (e) The members of the ~~commission~~ *steering committee* shall
23 serve without compensation, except that each member of the
24 ~~commission~~ *steering committee* shall be entitled to receive his or
25 her actual necessary traveling expenses while on official business
26 of the ~~commission~~ *steering committee*.

27 ~~8574.52. (a) The commission may appoint representatives to~~
28 ~~form an advisory board in order to receive input or advice~~
29 ~~concerning the implementation of the duties of the commission.~~
30 ~~The commission may expand, as needed, the advisory board to~~
31 ~~accommodate the representation necessary to inform and advance~~
32 ~~the duties of the commission.~~

33 ~~(b) The advisory board may be comprised of one or more~~
34 ~~representatives from the following:~~

35 ~~(1) The United States Department of Homeland Security.~~

36 ~~(2) The National Institute for Standards and Technology.~~

37 ~~(3) State government.~~

38 ~~(4) Local government.~~

39 ~~(5) California's utility grid, both private and public.~~

1 ~~(6) Technology firms, cybersecurity firms, critical infrastructure~~
2 ~~operators, utility providers, financial firms, health care providers,~~
3 ~~and other private industries.~~

4 ~~(7) California's cybersecurity law enforcement apparatus, which~~
5 ~~includes:~~

6 ~~(A) The Attorney General's eCrimes Unit.~~

7 ~~(B) The five regional task forces of the High Technology Theft~~
8 ~~Apprehension and Prosecution Program.~~

9 ~~(C) The Department of the California Highway Patrol.~~

10 ~~(8) Entities operating with the commission to perform its duties,~~
11 ~~including:~~

12 ~~(A) The State Threat Assessment Center and fusion centers, for~~
13 ~~the purpose of sharing information that informs preventive actions.~~

14 ~~(B) The California National Guard's Computer Network Defense~~
15 ~~Team, for the purpose of coordinating comprehensive risk~~
16 ~~assessments.~~

17 ~~(C) California's public and private universities and laboratories~~
18 ~~for the purpose of directing research and best utilizing its results.~~

19 ~~(e) The commission shall appoint each representative by a~~
20 ~~majority vote of its members constituting a quorum. Each~~
21 ~~representative shall serve at the pleasure of the commission.~~

22 ~~8574.53. The commission shall meet quarterly, or more often~~
23 ~~as determined by a majority vote of its members constituting a~~
24 ~~quorum, or in the event of an emergency.~~

25 ~~8574.54. The duties of the commission shall include the~~
26 ~~following: *Cyber Security Steering Committee shall seek to*~~
27 ~~*implement the policy recommendations of the California Cyber*~~
28 ~~*Security Task Force based on the following priorities:*~~

29 ~~(a) Developing within state government cyber prevention,~~
30 ~~defense, and response strategies and defining a hierarchy of~~
31 ~~command within the state for this purpose. This duty includes, but~~
32 ~~is not limited to, the following activities:~~

33 ~~(1) Performing comprehensive risk assessments on state~~
34 ~~information technology systems. The Chief Information Security~~
35 ~~Officer shall coordinate the process of performing risk assessments~~
36 ~~and the assessments shall be performed by such entities as the~~
37 ~~California National Guard's Computer Defense Network Team~~
38 ~~and the State Threat Assessment Center, in addition to with~~
39 ~~*guidance and assistance from* other public and private sector~~
40 ~~entities.~~

1 (2) ~~Creating~~ *Using assessment results and other state-level data*
2 *to create a risk profile of public assets, critical infrastructure, public*
3 *networks, and private operations susceptible to cyber attacks. The*
4 *risk profile shall include the development of statewide contingency*
5 *plans including, but not limited to, Emergency Function 18 of the*
6 *State Emergency Plan.*

7 ~~(3) Coordinating efforts to reduce state information technology~~
8 ~~risks and gaps in existing service.~~

9 (b) Partnering with the United States Department of Homeland
10 Security to develop an appropriate information sharing system that
11 allows for a controlled and secure process to effectively disseminate
12 cyber threat and response information and data to relevant private
13 and public sector entities. This information sharing system shall
14 reflect state priorities and target identified threat and capability
15 gaps.

16 (c) Providing recommendations for information technology
17 security standards for all state agencies using, among other things,
18 protocols established by the National Institute for Standards and
19 Technology and reflective of appropriate state priorities.

20 (d) Compiling and integrating, as appropriate, the research
21 conducted by academic institutions, federal laboratories, and other
22 cybersecurity experts into state operations and functions.

23 (e) Expanding the state's public-private cybersecurity
24 partnership network both domestically and internationally to assist
25 in the state's efforts to prevent and respond to cyber threats and
26 cyber attacks as well as enhance overall cyber detection capability.

27 ~~(f) Developing and providing a training program programs with~~
28 ~~the state's higher education and labor entities to produce a~~
29 ~~credentialed and qualified state cybersecurity workforce. This~~
30 ~~program should include training based on the requirements and~~
31 ~~protocols outlined in models such as Department of Defense~~
32 ~~Directive 8570. The commission shall work with state workforce~~
33 ~~and labor entities as well as the state's higher education systems,~~
34 ~~federal agencies, and others to provide training and develop~~
35 ~~curriculum.~~

36 ~~(g) Analyzing, in conjunction with the Department of Insurance,~~
37 ~~the development of a strategy to acquire and incorporate cyber~~
38 ~~insurance into the procurement and administrative processes of~~
39 ~~state agencies to protect state assets and information.~~

40 (h)

(g) Expanding collaboration with the state's law enforcement apparatus assigned jurisdiction to prevent, deter, investigate, and prosecute cyber attacks and information technology crime, including collaboration with entities like the High-Tech Theft Apprehension Program, and its five regional task forces, the Department of the California Highway Patrol, and the Attorney General's eCrimes unit. Collaboration will include information sharing that will enhance their capabilities including assistance to better align their activities with federal and local resources, provide additional resources, and extend their efforts into regions of the state not currently represented.

(h)

(h) Proposing, where appropriate, potential operational or functional enhancement to the state's cybersecurity assessment and response capabilities, as well as investment or spending recommendation and guidance for the state's information technology budget and procurement.

(i)

(i) Coordinating the pursuit of fiscal resources including federal grants and other funding opportunities to enhance the state's cybersecurity, information technology, data privacy, cyber research, and technology-based emergency response capabilities.

8574.55. ~~The commission~~ *California Cyber Security Task Force* shall take all necessary steps to protect personal information, public and private sector data, as well as ensure consumer privacy, when implementing its duties.

8574.56. (a) ~~The commission~~ *California Cyber Security Task Force* may issue ~~a report~~ *reports*, in addition to the report described in subdivision (b) of Section 8574.51, to the Governor's office and the Legislature detailing the activities of the ~~commission~~ *task force*, including, but not limited to, progress on the ~~commission's~~ *California Cyber Security Task Force's* various tasks and actions taken and recommended in response to an incident, as appropriate.

(b) The reports shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795.

8574.57. ~~The commission~~ *California Cyber Security Task Force* may engage or accept the services of agency or department personnel, accept the services of stakeholder organizations, and accept federal, private, or other nonstate funding, to operate,

1 manage, or conduct the business of the ~~commission~~ *California*
2 *Cyber Security Task Force*.

3 8574.58. The ~~commission~~ *California Cyber Security Task*
4 *Force* shall operate within the current information technology
5 budget of each department and agency they serve. Each department
6 and agency shall cooperate with the commission and furnish it
7 with information and assistance that is necessary or useful to further
8 the purposes of this article.

9 8574.59. This article shall become inoperative on January 1,
10 2019, 2020, and shall be repealed as of that date.